

The Affect of Sex on Healing Rates of Sports Shoulder Injuries in Individuals Aged 13-19

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Background

Factors that affect the rate of wound healing: 1,2

- Local-
- oxygenation
- venous sufficiency
- Systemic –
- sex hormones
- disease (diabetes, fibrosis, jaundice, etc.)
- alcohol/smoking

Women have a lower peak oxygen intake³

- smaller lung volume
- less alveolar surface area
- higher respiratory resistance

Estrogen⁴

- increases skin hydration
- thickens the epidermis
- improves barrier functions
- prevents collagen loss
- sex hormone found in both sexes

Objectives

To determine if there is a difference in musculoskeletal healing rates between males and females that could potentially be attributed to the physiological differences between the sexes.

Methods

Looked at clinic visits and

Documented procedures

performed and tests utilized

Recorded time of RTS and if

Documented RTS Visits

physical therapy visits

Inserted Data into REDCap

Demographic data

Imaging

Surgery report

Patient history of injury

Hypothesis

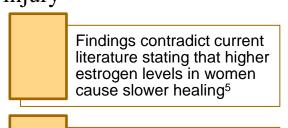
Men have faster healing rates related to sports injuries of the shoulder hat cause labral tears, among other injuries to the shoulder joint, than women.

Results

- Experiment conducted at a 95% confidence interval
- No significant difference in healing rates between teenagers of different sexes (p=0.25)
- Average RTS males: 6.59
- Standard Error: 0.17
- Males: 128
- Average RTS females: 6.00
- Standard Error: 0.49
- Females: 16

Discussion

Male and female adolescents tend to heal at similar rates when recovering from a shoulder stabilization surgery following a sports injury



Males had a larger distribution of healing patterns than females in this study

Limitations: small number of female subjects; different injuries among athletes

Conclusions

There is no difference in healing rates between males and females in teenagers that have undergone a labral repair, with potential other surgical intervention, for shoulder stabilization after a sports injury.

Table 1: Age Distribution by Sex

•517 out of 583 files utilized

surgeon, infection, no labral

Reviewed patient files of Dr. Dahm and Dr. Krych that

surgery from 2000-2015

· Dahm/Krych not head

repair, GH OA arthritis

stages Ill or IV (still in

• Exclusion criteria:

	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Males	-	3	14	23	39	34	15
Females	-	2	2	6	2	1	3

Table 1: Shows the number of individuals in each age grouping by sex

Table 2: RTS Distribution by Sex

	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Males	1.6	5.5	18.8	43.8	7.8	6.3	7.0	1.6	1.6	6.3
Females	-	-	37.5	37.5	12.5	12.5	-	-	-	-

Table 2: Shows the percentage of total athletes healed by sex for each month post-operative

Figure 1

Filtered/Processed Data

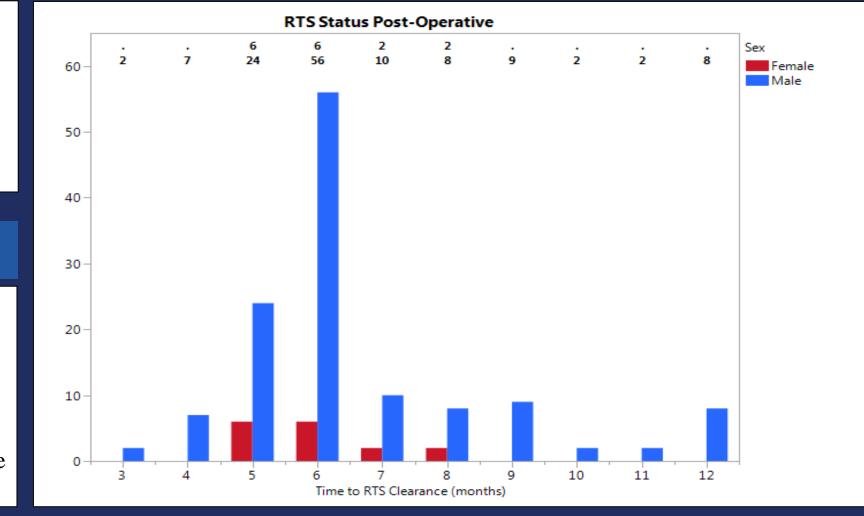
• Patients ages 13-19

Sports injuries

•T-test

·Cleared for RTS

Statistical analysis



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